

# Can ecologically-relevant stimuli improve cognitive performance among adversity-exposed youth?

Hidden Talents in Context

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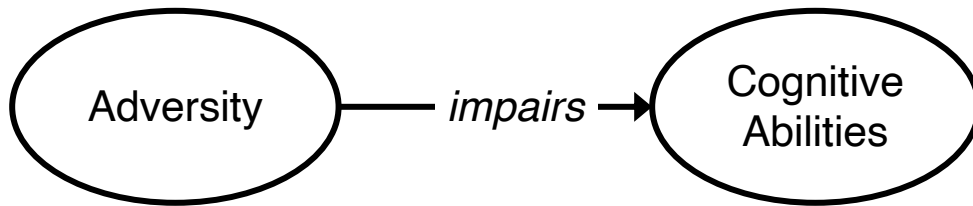
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*Bruce Ellis*

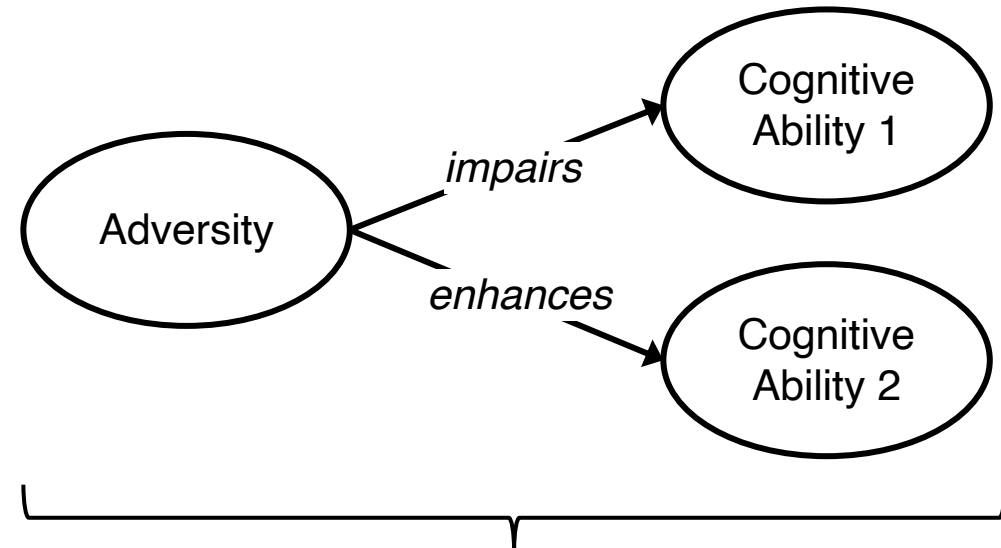


# Cognition in Harsh Environments

## Deficit Model

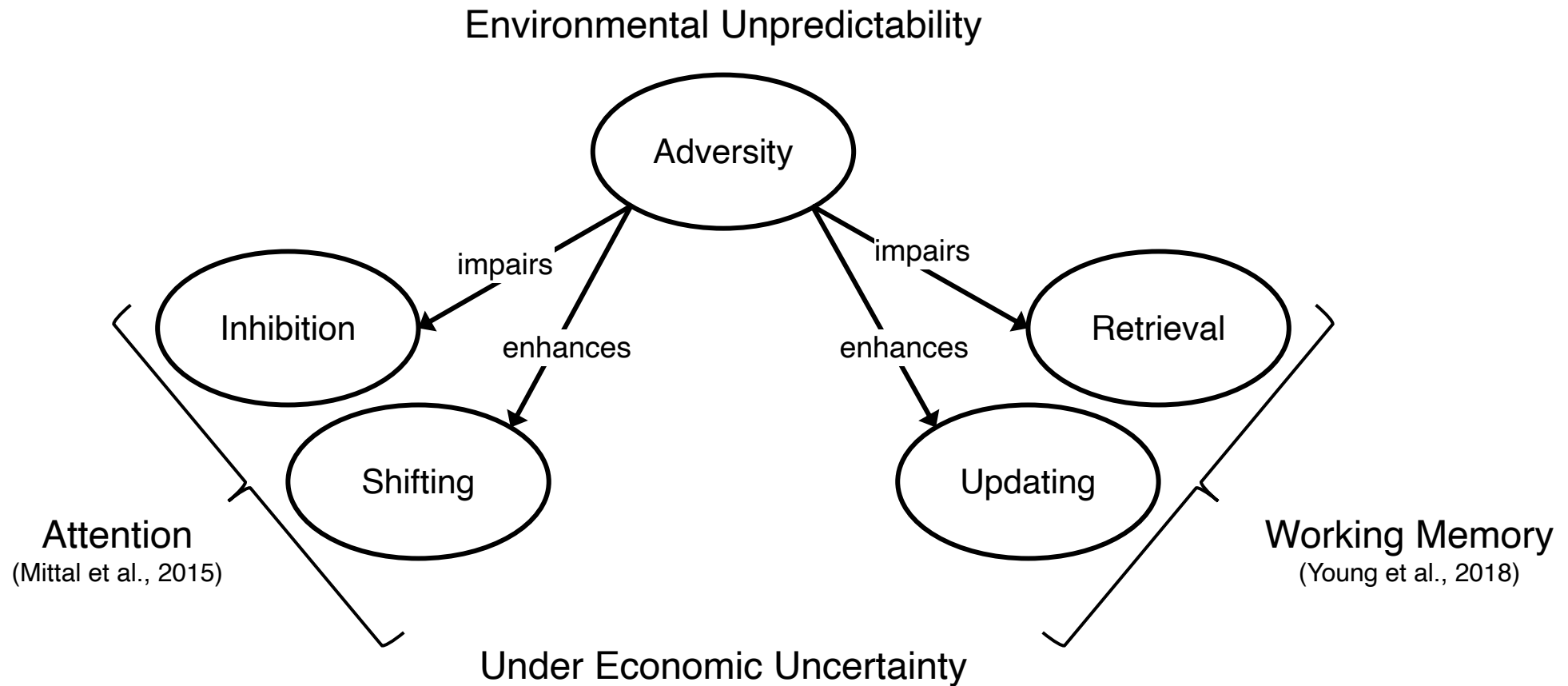


## Hidden Talents Approach



people develop abilities that are  
***ecologically relevant*** to their lived  
experience

# Ecologically Relevant Contexts



# Limitations

- Sample populations
  - Student and community samples
  - Possible restricted range
- Measurement of adversity
  - Limited to retrospective-self reports
  - Focused on environmental unpredictability
- Limited or unclear practical relevance



**Can ecologically-relevant stimuli  
improve cognitive performance  
among adversity-exposed youth?**

# Current Study

Sample data from a ***broad range*** of socioeconomic conditions

- Mean age 13.6 (.8)
- 43% economically disadvantaged
  - Reduced-price or free lunch
  - Fee waivers
  - Homelessness (N = 32)

Measure ***multiple dimensions*** of adversity

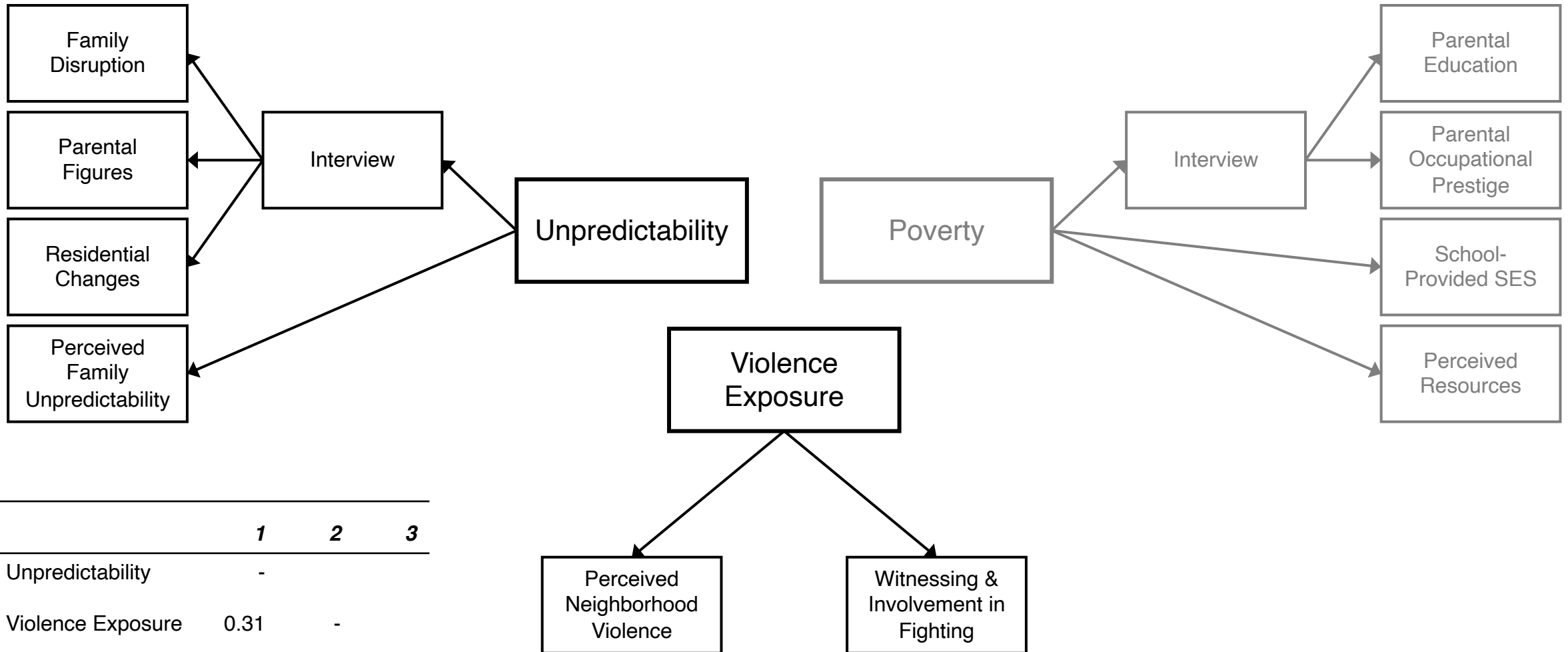
- Environmental Unpredictability
- Exposure to Violence
- Poverty Exposure

Compare performance on tasks with ***abstract*** versus ***ecologically relevant*** content

- Attention-Shifting
- Working Memory Updating

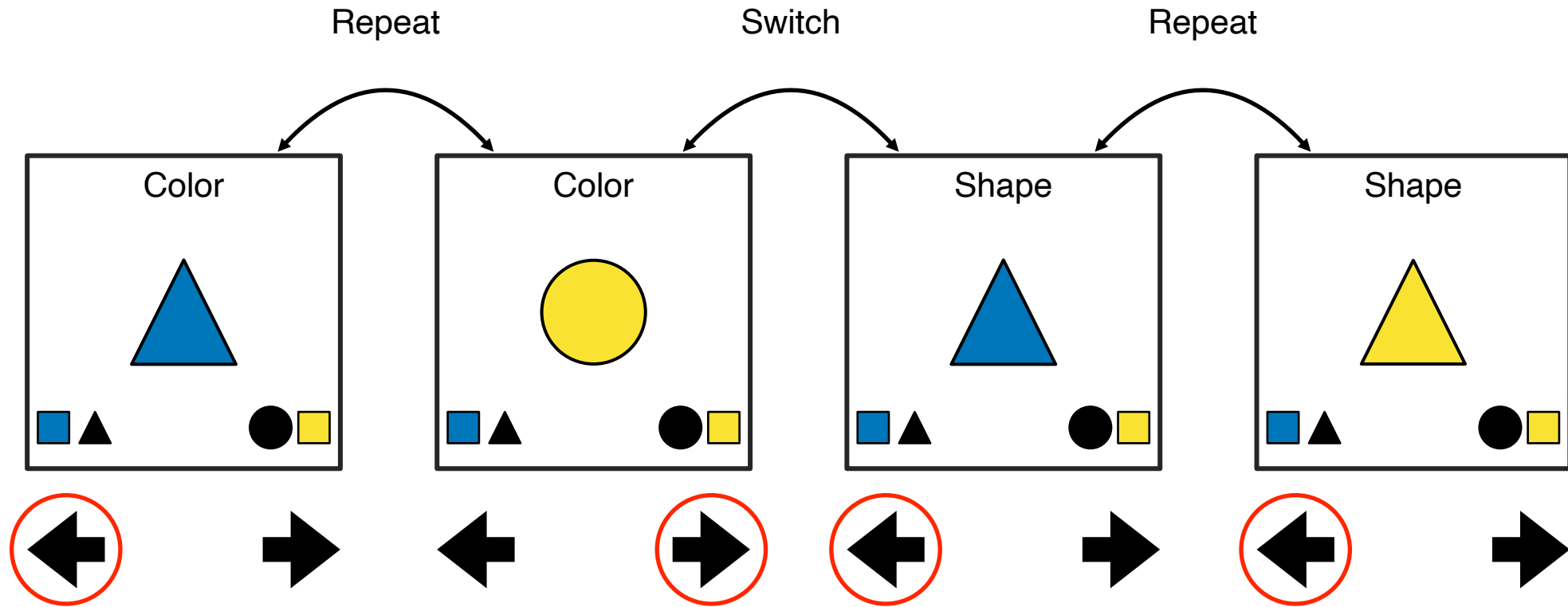
Analyze performance using ***multiverse analysis***

# Dimensions of Adversity



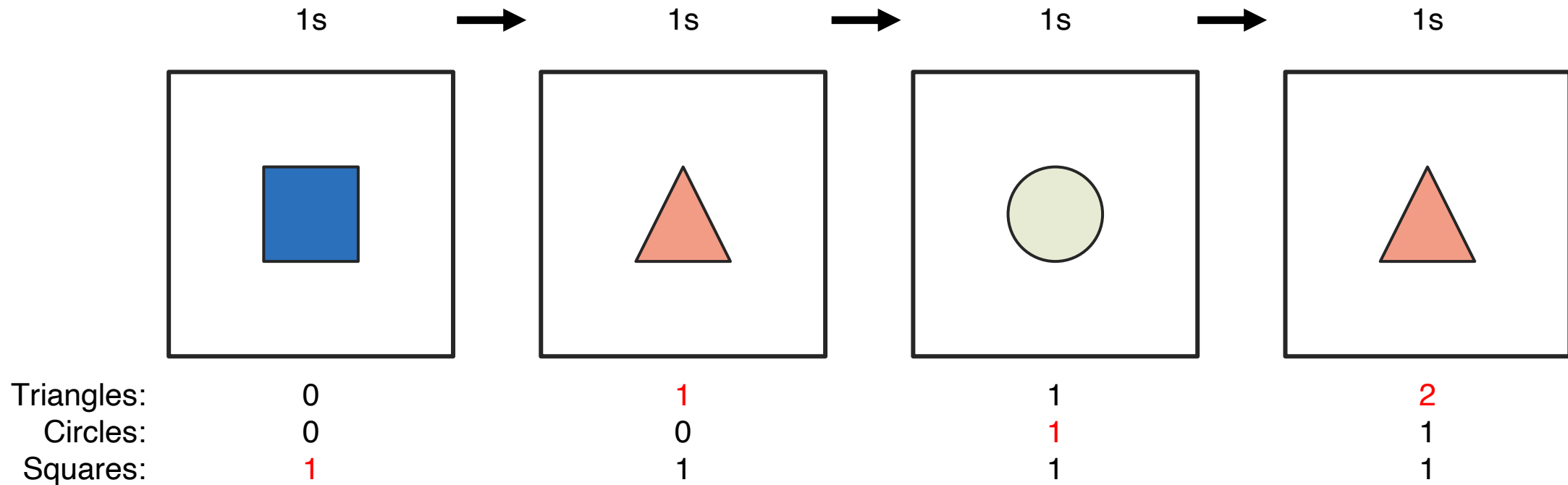
	1	2	3
1. Unpredictability	-		
2. Violence Exposure	0.31	-	
3. Poverty	0.37	0.37	-

# Abstract Attention-Shifting



$$M_{\text{repeat}} - M_{\text{switch}} = \textbf{Switch Cost} \text{ (smaller is better)}$$

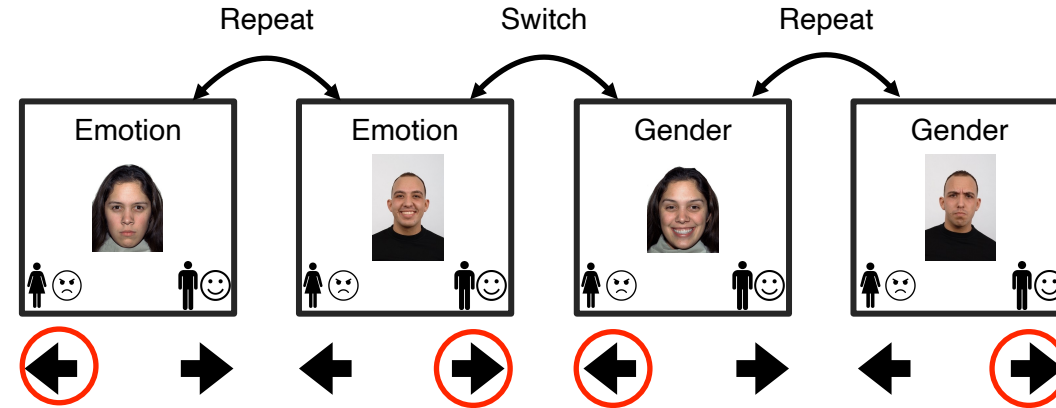
# Abstract Working Memory Updating



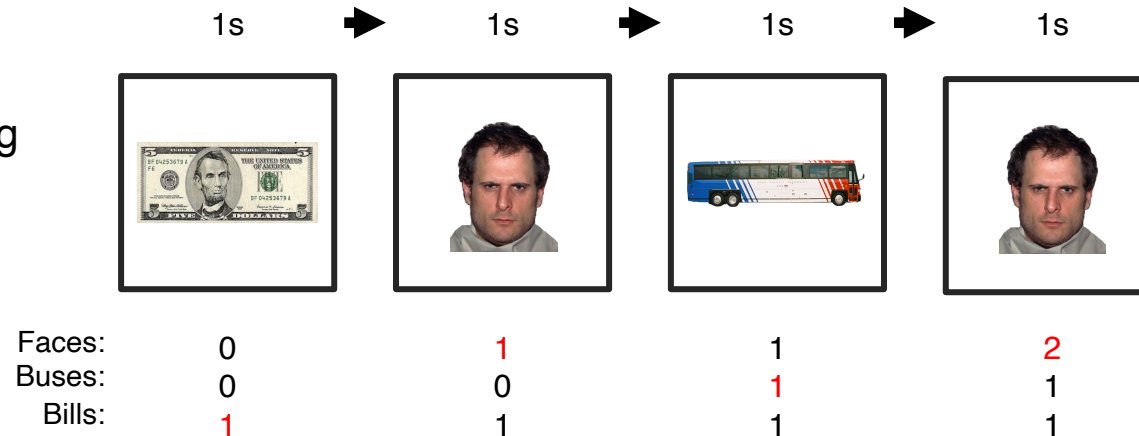
***Proportion Correct*** (higher is better)

# Ecologically Relevant Content

Attention-Shifting  
*with real-world stimuli*



Working Memory Updating  
*with real-world stimuli*



Replace abstract content  
with the real-world content

# Multiverse Analysis

***Non-Arbitrary***

*Some alternatives better than others*

***Arbitrary***

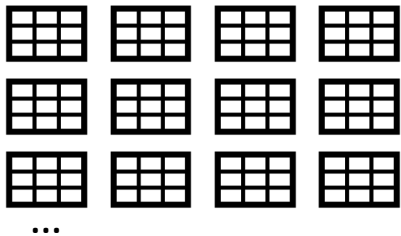
*Equally defensible alternatives*

6 arbitrary data decisions

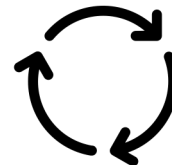
2 alternatives each

64 possible data sets

Multiverse of  
datasets



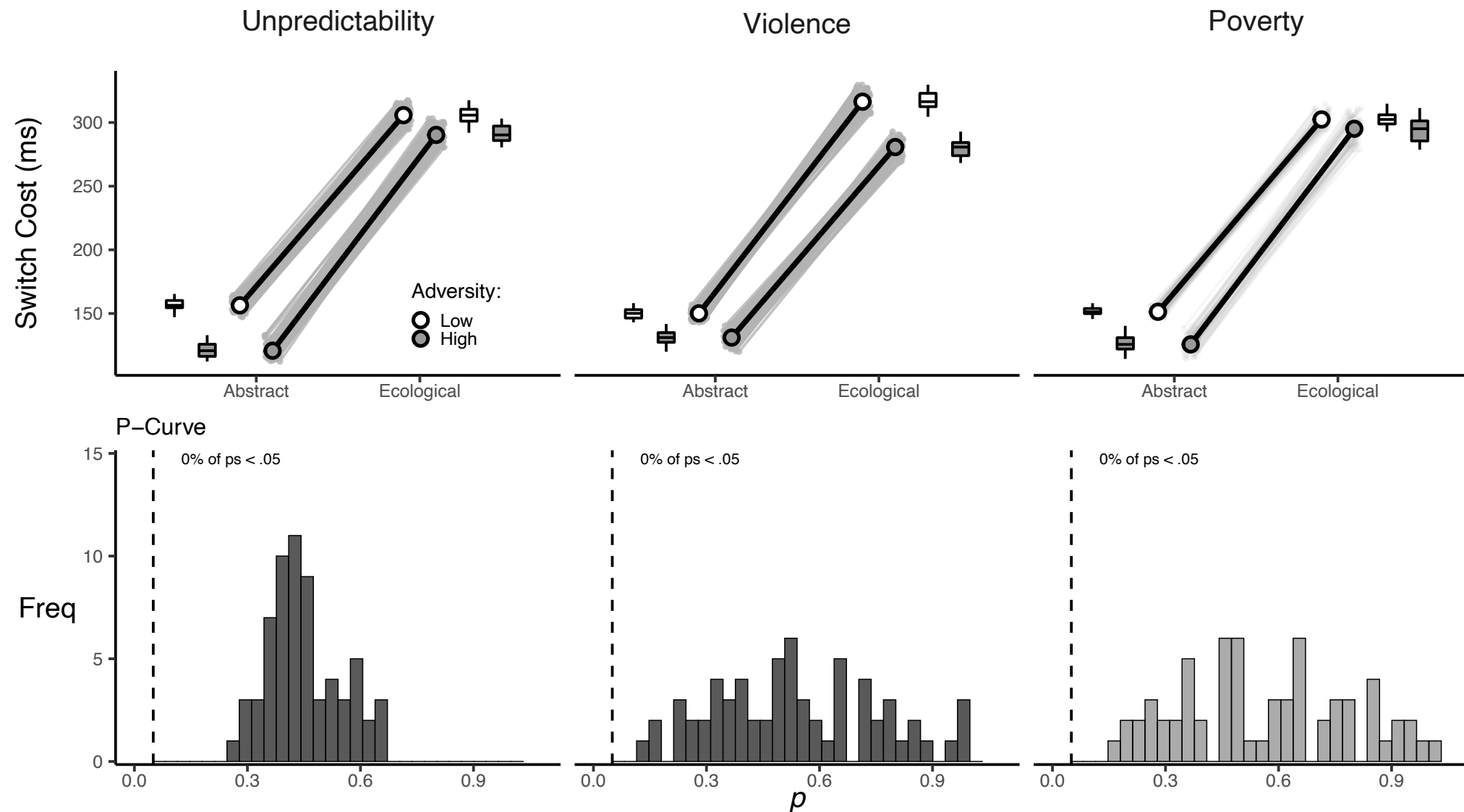
Iterate over data performing  
same analysis



Compile  
Results

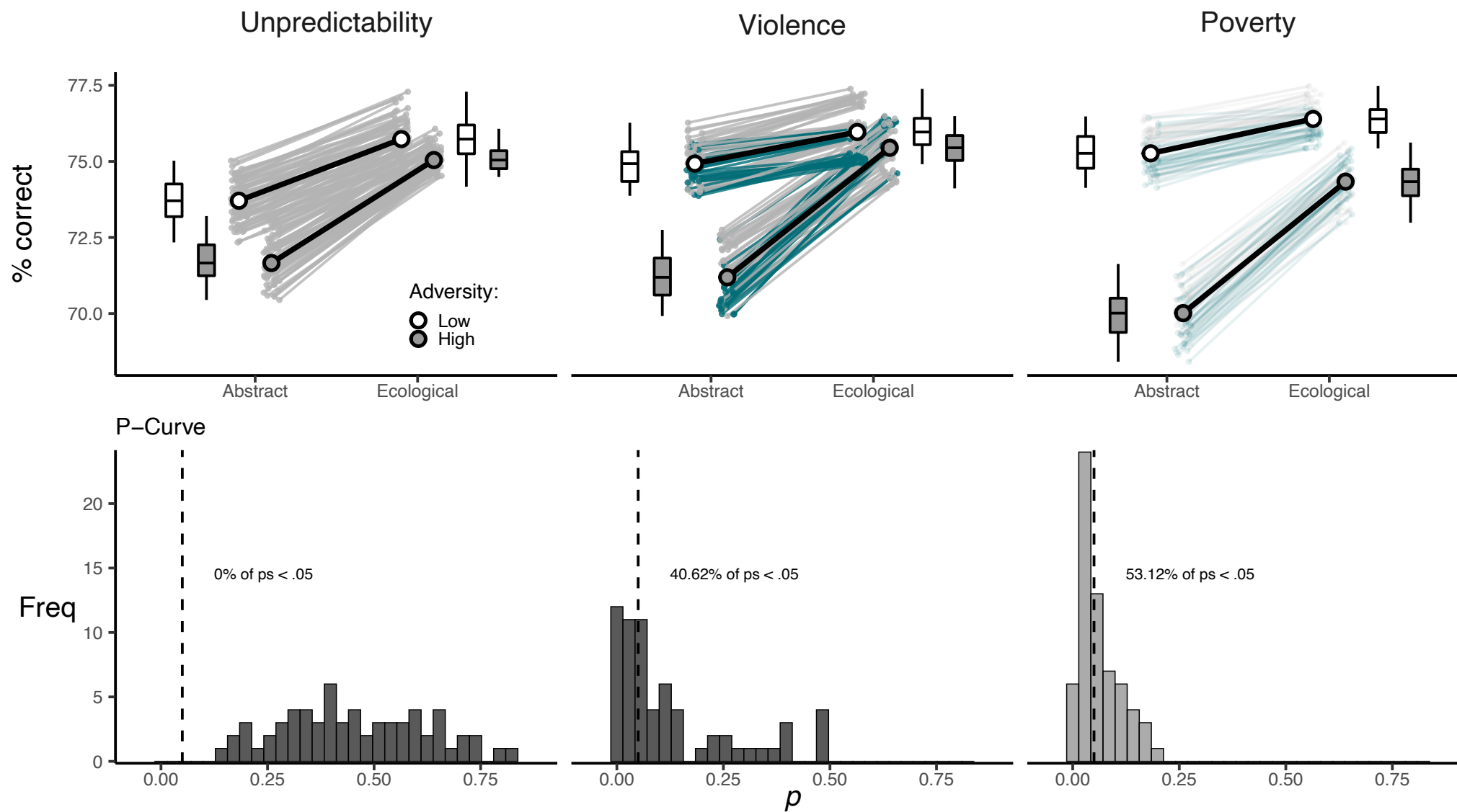


# Attention-Shifting





# Working Memory Updating



# Can ecologically relevant stimuli improve task performance for people living in poverty?

Not for attention-shifting...

But it does for working memory updating!

Particularly for people exposed to violence and poverty...

At least under some analytic decisions...

# Take-Aways

- Take-aways
  - Deficits are only one piece of the puzzle
  - People also develop ***adaptations*** to adverse conditions
  - Both processes may operate ***simultaneously***
  - Real-world content may ***equalize*** performance for people from adversity
- Multiverse Analysis
  - ***Transparently*** and ***systematically*** unpack your data
  - Provides future research with guidelines for data decisions
  - Come with some pretty cool plots ;)



James S. McDonnell Foundation



Robert Wood Johnson Foundation



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Dutch Research Council